

EAST Search History

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L2	1082	703/2.ccor.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2006/06/05 11:19
L3	467	703/1.ccor.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2006/06/05 11:19
L4	336	703/6.ccor.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2006/06/05 11:19
L5	430	703/22.ccor.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2006/06/05 11:20
L10	28515	attribute with value	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/06/05 13:00
L13	30765	predict\$4 with model	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/06/05 13:03
L15	1184	10 and 13	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/06/05 13:03
L16	478	15 and population	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/06/05 13:03
L17	421	16 and statistical	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/06/05 13:05
L18	14987	attribute near4 number	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/06/05 13:05
L19	243	17 and 18	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/06/05 13:17
L20	237	19 and reduc\$4	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/06/05 13:07
L22	20	20 and @ad<="19990331"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/06/05 13:09
L23	211	382/224.ccor.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2006/06/05 13:26

	Results
15. (((pub-date > 1959 and pub-date < 2000 and FULL-TEXT(data mining) and FULL-TEXT(attribute value)) and reduc!) and statistical) and population) and entropy [All Sources(- All Sciences -)]	8
14. (((pub-date > 1959 and pub-date < 2000 and FULL-TEXT(data mining) and FULL-TEXT(attribute value)) and reduc!) and statistical) and population [All Sources(- All Sciences -)]	19
13. ((pub-date > 1959 and pub-date < 2000 and FULL-TEXT(data mining) and FULL-TEXT(attribute value)) and reduc!) and statistical [All Sources(- All Sciences -)]	51
12. (pub-date > 1959 and pub-date < 2000 and FULL-TEXT(data mining) and FULL-TEXT(attribute value)) and reduc! [All Sources(- All Sciences -)]	70
11. pub-date > 1959 and pub-date < 2000 and FULL-TEXT(data mining) and FULL-TEXT(attribute value) [All Sources(- All Sciences -)]	87
10. pub-date > 1959 and pub-date < 2000 and FULL-TEXT(data mining) [All Sources(- All Sciences -)]	685
9. (((((((pub-date > 1959 and pub-date < 2000 and FULL-TEXT(sample population)) and attribute) and statistical) and model) and value) and difference) and predictive) and reduc!) and entropy [All Sources(- All Sciences -)]	8
8. (((((((pub-date > 1959 and pub-date < 2000 and FULL-TEXT(sample population)) and attribute) and statistical) and model) and value) and difference) and predictive) and reduc! [All Sources(- All Sciences -)]	98
7. (((((((pub-date > 1959 and pub-date < 2000 and FULL-TEXT(sample population)) and attribute) and statistical) and model) and value) and difference) and predictive [All Sources(- All Sciences -)]	111
6. (((((pub-date > 1959 and pub-date < 2000 and FULL-TEXT(sample population)) and attribute) and statistical) and model) and value) and difference [All Sources(- All Sciences -)]	413
5. (((((pub-date > 1959 and pub-date < 2000 and FULL-TEXT(sample population)) and attribute) and statistical) and model) and value [All Sources(- All Sciences -)]	439
4. (((pub-date > 1959 and pub-date < 2000 and FULL-TEXT(sample population)) and attribute) and statistical) and model [All Sources(- All Sciences -)]	470
3. ((pub-date > 1959 and pub-date < 2000 and FULL-TEXT(sample population)) and attribute) and statistical [All Sources(- All Sciences -)]	581
2. (pub-date > 1959 and pub-date < 2000 and FULL-TEXT(sample population)) and attribute [All Sources(- All Sciences -)]	856
1. pub-date > 1959 and pub-date < 2000 and FULL-TEXT(sample population) [All Sources(- All Sciences -)]	6322



Welcome United States Patent and Trademark Office

[Home](#) | [Login](#) | [Logout](#) | [Access Information](#) | [Alerts](#) | [Sitemap](#) | [Help](#)**SEARCH SESSION HISTORY**[BROWSE](#)[SEARCH](#)[IEEE XPLORER GUIDE](#)[SUPPORT](#)

Edit an existing query or
compose a new query in the
Search Query Display.

Select a search number (#)
to:

- Add a query to the Search Query Display
- Combine search queries using AND, OR, or NOT
- Delete a search
- Run a search

Mon, 5 Jun 2006, 2:23:03 PM EST

Search Query Display**Recent Search Queries**

		Results
#1	((population<and>attribute<and>value)<and>model) <and> (pyr >= 1951 <and> pyr <= 1999)	2689
#2	((population<and>attribute<and>value) <and>model<and>statistical) <and> (pyr >= 1951 <and> pyr <= 1999)	1047
#3	((sample population<and>attribute<and>value) <and>model<and>statistical) <and> (pyr >= 1951 <and> pyr <= 1999)	17

[Help](#) [Contact Us](#) [Privacy & Security](#) [IEEE.org](#)

© Copyright 2006 IEEE – All Rights Reserved

Indexed by
 Inspec

The recent database difficulties have been resolved. Please let us know if you encounter any data corruptions.



Find:

Searching for **sample population and attribute**.

Restrict to: [Header](#) [Title](#) Order by: [Expected citations](#) [Hubs](#) [Usage](#) [Date](#) Try: [Google \(CiteSeer\)](#) [Google \(Web\)](#)
[Yahoo!](#) [MSN](#) [CSB](#) [DBLP](#)

10 documents found. Order: **number of citations**.

[An Interval Classifier for Database Mining Applications - Rakesh Agrawal \(1992\)](#) (Correct) (79 citations)
 the group identification. Also given is a **population sample** (much smaller than the population but interactive loops to answer adhoc queries about **attributes** with missing values, IC has been designed to be fG 1 G 2 Gm g. Let A be a set of n **attributes** (features) fA 1 A 2 An g. Let
www.almaden.ibm.com/u/ragrawal/papers/vldb92.ps

[Learning To Be Thoughtless: Social Norms And Individual Computation - Epstein \(2001\)](#) (Correct) (4 citations)
 (sum of payoffs) in playing the agent's **sample population**. 2 The departure introduced here is that the ring and is an object characterized by two **attributes**. One **attribute** is the agents norm, which in is an object characterized by two **attributes**. One **attribute** is the agents norm, which in this model is
www.santafe.edu/sfi/publications/Abstracts/..Working-Papers/00-03-022.ps.gz

[An Empirical Study of the Influence of Argument Conciseness.. - Carenini, Moore \(2000\)](#) (Correct) (1 citation)
 k =1 k =1 k =0 compellingness Figure 2 **Sample population** of objectives represented by dots and component value functions, one for each primitive **attribute** of the entity. A value tree is a decomposition the leaves correspond to the entity primitive **attributes** (see Figure 1 for a simple value tree in the
www.cs.ubc.ca/~carenini/PAPERS/cr-acl00-final.pdf

[Verbalizing Business Rules: Part 4 - Terry Halpin Northface](#) (Correct)
 as the ranking assigned (if known)In the **sample population**, Australia and Great Britain are ranked involving nesting or long join paths, as well as **attribute** style verbalization of uniqueness constraints and examples in those notations will not be given. **Attribute**-style Verbalization of Uniqueness and Simple
www.orm.net/pdf/VBR4.pdf

[Discovery of spatial association rules in.. - Appice, Ceci.. \(2003\)](#) (Correct)
 tuple) represents an independent unit of the **sample population** and columns correspond to properties of a spatial database and to a module for numerical **attribute** discretization. The three modules have been is, regular changes of one or more non-spatial **attributes** when moving away from a given start object
www.di.uniba.it/~malerba/publications/ida00146.pdf

[Rule-Based Classifier for Bankruptcy Prediction - Lei, Chan, Cheh, Daverio](#) (Correct)
 underlying probability distribution of **sample population** under study, not any linear model. However, information about them, that is, the values of **attributes** that can be evaluated on these objects. Objects the universe, and A is a nonempty finite set of **attributes**. Objects in U are described by values of
www.ececs.uc.edu/~fit/MAICS/PAPERS/HuaLei.pdf

[Modelling Recreation Demand using Choice Experiments.. - Hanley, Wright, Koop \(2000\)](#) (Correct)
 grading, to include 1 Based on UK general **population sample** of 3,539 adults and a sample of 550 second is to derive implicit prices for these **attributes**. The third is to investigate whether results alternative goods, defined in terms of their **attributes**. CE share a common theoretical framework with
www.gla.ac.uk/economics/pdf00/2000_11.pdf

[Types and Forms of Data - Klösgen \(1999\)](#) (Correct)
 Keywords: data modeling, conceptual view, **population**, **sample**, variable scale, cross section data, heterogeneity: one object class multi-valued **attributes** multiple object classes Time reference: one to variables (statistical terminology) or **attributes** (data base terminology)An **attribute** is a
ais.gmd.de/pub/SET/publications/released/1999/pdf/Kloesgen99.3.pdf

[Data Mining in Temporal Databases - Koundourakis, Sarac, Theodoulidis](#) (Correct)
 with the group identification. In addition, a **population sample** is given (much smaller than the population of p data records. Suppose also, that the target **attribute** has m distinct values defining by this way m m i m log 1 2 2 1 An **attribute** A with values {a 1 ,a 2 ,a k }can be
timelab.co.umist.ac.uk/publications/papers/Sarac98a.ps

Pattern Discovery In Time-Oriented Data - Saraee, Koundourakis, Theodoulidis (Correct)

with the group identification. In addition, a **population sample** is given (much smaller than the population interesting data mining techniques, including **attribute induction** and **association rule mining** to handle data records. Suppose also, that the interesting attribute has m distinct values defining by this way m

www.co.umist.ac.uk/~timelab/publications/papers/Saraee98c.ps

Try your query at: [Google \(CiteSeer\)](#) [Google \(Web\)](#) [Yahoo!](#) [MSN](#) [CSB](#) [DBLP](#)

CiteSeer.IST - Copyright [Penn State](#) and [NEC](#)

The recent database difficulties have been resolved. Please let us know if you encounter any data corruptions.



Find:

Searching for **population and attribute and value and model and statistical**.

Restrict to: [Header](#) [Title](#) Order by: [Expected citations](#) [Hubs](#) [Usage](#) [Date](#) Try: [Google \(CiteSeer\)](#) [Google \(Web\)](#)
[Yahoo!](#) [MSN](#) [CSB](#) [DBLP](#)

8 documents found. Order: **number of citations**.

[Multiple Representation Modelling and Querying - Rigaux, Scholl \(1994\)](#) (Correct) (5 citations)

Similarly, a state shares with its counties a **population attribute** and perhaps a **geometric attribute**. structures issues. See [vO91] one (or several) **attribute(s)** whose **value** is drawn from a **values**

We consider two types of hierarchies, **Values** hierarchies and Entities hierarchies 4.3.1

ftp://cnam.fr/pub/CNAM/cedric/tech_reports/RRC-94-07.ps.Z

One or more of the query terms is very common - only partial results have been returned. Try [Google \(CiteSeer\)](#).

[A Data Mining Support Environment and its Application on.. - Staudt, Kietz, Reimer \(1998\)](#) (Correct) (2 citations)

structure and the purchasing power of the **population** in the various parts of the country -led to distributed over approximately 30 tables and 600 **attributes**. Figure 2 shows an excerpt of this schema with kind of input data allowed: a. sets of **attribute-value** pairs describing properties of certain data research.swisslife.ch/Papers/data/dawami/kdd98/kdd98.ps.gz

[Case-Based Reasoning: A Technique for 'Decision Support.. - Dattani, Bramer](#) (Correct)

of blacks by town) LSTAT %lower status of the **population** MEDV Median **value** of owner-occupied homes in effect of variations in locational and physical **attributes** has been attempted by the use of **statistical attributes** (the outcome variable being the 'median **value** of the property)1 The dataset includes 506 www.sis.port.ac.uk/technical_reports_index/cbrbook2.ps

[A Window on Econometrics - David F. Hendry, Jürgen A. Doornik \(1996\)](#) (Correct)

Rs uk ,and the bond rate RI uk)output (Y)**population** (Pop) and national debt (N)We will also use to perform similar tasks -the only essential **attribute** is that of a high-resolution monitor which in unpredictable circumstances wreck potential **value**, as do 'glitches' that have to be systematically www.economics.ox.ac.uk/hendry/cyptext.ps

[More Problem Solving Power: Exploiting Prediction Models and.. - Joe Ward](#) (Correct)

means, proportions, and variances of one and two **populations**, simple linear regression, analysis of several **populations**, controlling for a blocking **attribute** (randomized complete block design)5. The may be done for each of the following: 1. The **value** of a single **population** mean (one-sample t-test) www0.stat.ncsu.edu/info/jse/v4n3/ward.ps

[Sequential Allocation With Minimal Switching - Hardwick, Stout \(1996\)](#) (Correct)

to minimize by sampling between Bernoulli **populations**, two different **models** are considered. The repeatedly between the alternatives, a design **attribute** that may be costly or impossible [6]For without substantially affecting the expected **value** of the objective function. Thus one need www.eecs.umich.edu/~qstout/pap/IF96.ps.Z

[Pattern Discovery In Time-Oriented Data - Saraee, Koundourakis, Theodoulidis](#) (Correct)

be described as follows. We are given a large **population** database that contains information about interesting data mining techniques, including **attribute** induction and association rule mining to handle discovered from conventional databases has limited **value** since the temporal nature of data is not taken www.co.umist.ac.uk/~timelab/publications/papers/Saraee98c.ps

[Exploiting Symbolic Learning in Visual Inspection - Piccardi, Cucchiara..](#) (Correct)

pre-classified examples from the entire **population** in order to generate the classifier. The result submitted to classification in form of tuples of **attribute values**, with each **attribute** corresponding to can not be rigorously quantified with precise **values** moreover, they can be partially shared by other www.ing.unife.it/dipart/LIVA/publications/IDA97.ps.gz

Try your query at: [Google \(CiteSeer\)](#) [Google \(Web\)](#) [Yahoo!](#) [MSN](#) [CSB](#) [DBLP](#)

CiteSeer.IST - Copyright [Penn State](#) and [NEC](#)